CLAIMS

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the predetermined image.

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- A method of calibrating a detector, comprising:
 providing a calibration object having an indicium and an axis of rotation;
 making an image of the indicium with a detector;
 comparing the image with a predetermined image; and
 adjusting the detector so that a subsequent image of the indicium more-closely matches
 - 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the calibration object mimics a golf ball.
- 15 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the detector is adjusted to minimize a rotational misalignment of the detector.
 - 4. The method of claim 3 wherein the detector is a line scan camera and the indicium indicates whether a scan line of the camera is parallel to the axis of rotation.

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- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the detector is adjusted to minimize a horizontal misalignment of the detector.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the detector is a line scan camera and the indicium indicates whether a scan line of the camera is in front of the axis of rotation.
 - 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the detector is adjusted to minimize a vertical misalignment of the detector.
- 30 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the detector is a line scan camera and the indicium indicates whether a scan line of the camera is vertically aligned.

- 9. The method of claim 7 wherein the calibration object comprises latitudinal indicia that indicate whether the scan line is vertically aligned.
- 5 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the indicium indicates whether the detector is out of focus.
 - 11. The method of claim 1 wherein the indicium comprises a longitudinal line.
- 10 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the calibration object has a surface, a portion of which is spherically shaped, football-shaped, hourglass-shaped, or conically shaped.
 - 13. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of comparing the first indicium image with the predetermined image is performed using a display device.
 - 14. The method of claim 1 wherein the detector is automatically adjusted using a shift mechanism.

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- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the calibration object has at least two indicia that have a known distance apart from each other, which indicate a scale factor that relates a detected distance to the known distance when detected by the detector.
 - 16. The method of claim 15 wherein the at least two indicia are part of one indistinct marking.
 - 17. The method of claim 17 wherein the at least two indicia are two lines of latitude that define planes perpendicular to the axis of rotation.
- 18. A method for calibrating a detector, comprising:
 30 positioning a calibration sphere at a position on a golf ball production line occupied by a golf ball during golf ball inspection;

imaging the calibration object using a line scan camera detector to produce an image; comparing the image with an predetermined image; and adjusting the detector.

- 5 19. The method of claim 18 wherein the detector is adjusted to minimize horizontal misalignment of the detector.
 - 20. The method of claim 18 wherein the detector is adjusted to minimize rotational misalignment of the detector.
 - 21. The method of claim 18 wherein the detector is adjusted to minimize vertical misalignment of the detector.
 - 22. The method of claim 18 wherein the detector is adjusted to focus the detector.
 - 23. A calibration object, comprising: an axis of rotation;

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first indicium that designates the axis of rotation wherein the first indicium, when detected by a detector, indicates whether the detector is parallel to the axis of rotation;

second indicium that designates a plane that contains the axis of rotation wherein the second indicium, when detected by a detector, indicates whether the detector is in front of the axis of rotation; and

at least two indicia having a known distance apart from each other that, when detected by a detector, indicate a scale factor that relates a detected distance to the known distance.

- 24. The calibration object of claim 23 wherein the detector comprises a line scan camera.
- 25. The calibration object of claim 23 wherein the first indicium indicates whether a scan line of the line scan camera is parallel to the axis of rotation.
- 26. The calibration object of claim 23 wherein the first and second indicia are a longitudinal

line.

27. The calibration object of claim 23 wherein the object has a surface, a portion of which is spherically shaped, football-shaped, hourglass-shaped, or conically shaped.

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- 28. The calibration object of claim 23 wherein the at least two indicia are distinct markings.
- 29. The calibration object of claim 23 wherein the at least two indicia are both part of one indistinct marking.

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- 30. The calibration object of claim 23 wherein the at least two indicia are two lines of latitude that define planes perpendicular to the axis of rotation.
- 31. A method for calibrating an image of a calibration object rotatable by a device comprising the steps of:

rotating the calibration object with the device;

providing at least two indicia that make a first angle with each other;

obtaining a digital image of the calibration object;

determining a second angle between the corresponding indicia on the image;

determining an adjustment factor from the first and second angle;

applying said adjustment factor to images of other objects rotated by said device.

- 32. The method of claim 31 wherein the device is a stepper motor.
- 25 33. The method of claim 31 wherein the calibration object is a cylindrical shaped object.
 - 34. The method of claim 31 wherein the at least two indicia comprises linear lines.